Old Moat's Carbon Footprint

Old Moat's Carbon Footprint is higher than the average for Manchester.

Our individual actions can make a big difference to help reduce it. Read on to find out what's adding to the Carbon Footprint and ways to take action.



1.9 tonnes of CO₂ per person Old Moat

In a nutshell...

At home

60% of the homes in Old Moat with an Energy Performance Certificate scored below a 'C' rating for energy performance. This means they need more energy to keep warm, which could mean releasing more CO₂.

On the move

Public transport accessibility scores vary in Old Moat. The western side of the ward has high accessibility (scoring 7/8 to 8/8) which means frequency, reliability and coverage is very high, whereas accessibility is lower to the east (5/8).

Top actions and tips

Organisations like <u>Energy Saving Trust</u> can help advise you on improving your home's energy performance even further as well as saving you money.

Making more use of your public transport links as well as cycling or walking to get around will lower carbon emissions and benefit your health and wellbeing.



Find more tips and inspiration for making Manchester a greener, healthier and more connected city.

GROUNDWORK

GREATER MANCHESTER

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Visit: inournature.uk

In Our Nature is a collaboration between

MANCHESTER CLIMATE CHANGE AGENCY



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Dig into the detail

At home

Electrical sockets and lights in Old Moat are emitting less CO_2 now than 10 years ago. This is due to changes in where we get our electricity from and improvements in the efficiency of our lightbulbs and appliances. By choosing more efficient appliances and using them less regularly, Old Moat's carbon footprint can be reduced even further.

Most homes in Old Moat have an Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) that gives us an idea of how energy efficient a home is. Homes with an 'A' rating need less energy to keep warm and light, homes with a 'G' rating are hard and expensive to heat. 82% of homes in Old Moat with an EPC are average or above average on energy performance ('D' or higher). But, only 40% of homes are a 'C' rating or above and just 5% are low cost and low carbon to heat and power ('A' and 'B' rated). Organisations like the <u>Energy Saving Trust</u> and <u>People Powered Retrofit</u> can help with advice on improving your home's energy efficiency, and the <u>Help for</u> <u>Households</u> website has lots of low and no cost tips for saving energy.

The gas we use to heat our homes is a CO_2 causing fossil fuel. The amount of gas used per person in Old Moat dropped by 7% since 2010. By improving the energy efficiency of homes in Old Moat and swapping gas appliances to electric for things like cooking, Old Moat can reduce its carbon footprint further.

On the move

Public transport accessibility scores vary in Old Moat. The Western side of the ward has high accessibility (scoring 7/8 to 8/8), whereas accessibility is lower to the east (5/8). Only 10% of people in Old Moat travel more than 6 miles for work.

As in most of England, Old Moat's car travel carbon emissions didn't change for the 10 years up to the pandemic. There are opportunities to reduce this footprint however, with good options for low carbon travel and potential for more walking and cycling. Plan your journey with the <u>Bee Network</u>.

To find out more about how we calculated the carbon footprints and check the data for yourself, head to: <u>www.manchesterclimate.com/local-carbon-footprints</u>

